

**RDB INFRASTRUCTURE AND POWER LIMITED**  
*(FORMERLY KNOWN AS RDB REALTY & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED)*

**POLICY ON INQUIRY IN CASE OF LEAK OF  
UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE  
INFORMATION (UPSI)**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1. BACKGROUND.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2. APPLICABILITY .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3. SCOPE .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4. DEFINITIONS.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>5. PROCEDURE FOR INQUIRY IN CASE OF LEAK OR SUSPECTED LEAK OF UPSI.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>6. POWER OF THE INQUIRY COMMITTEE.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>7. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE SUSPECT.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>8. CONSEQUENCES OF THE NON COMPLIANCE.....</b>	<b>6</b>

## 1. BACKGROUND

Regulation 9A of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended (“**SEBI PIT Regulations**”) mandates every listed company to formulate a written policy and procedures for inquiry in case of leak of unpublished price sensitive information and initiate appropriate inquiries on becoming aware of leak of unpublished price sensitive information and inform SEBI promptly of such leaks, inquiries and results of such inquiries.

## 2. APPLICABILITY

This Policy shall be applicable with effect from April 1, 2019.

## 3. SCOPE

This Policy deals with-

- a) Formulating procedures for inquiry such as initiating inquiry, reporting, etc. in case of leak or suspected leak of UPSI.
- b) Strengthening the internal control system to prevent leak of UPSI.
- c) Penalizing any insider who appears to have found guilty of violating this policy.

## 4. DEFINITIONS

The definitions of some of the key terms used in the Policy are given below. Capitalized terms are not defined herein shall have the meaning assigned to them under the Code/SEBI PIT Regulations.

“**Audit Committee**” means the Audit Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of the Companies in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 & Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“**SEBI Listing Regulations**”).

“**Code**” means the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices.

“**Compliance Officer**” means the person as defined in Code.

“**Leak of UPSI**” means communication of information which is deemed to be UPSI by any person, who is in possession of UPSI, to any other person, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly or in any manner whatsoever, except for legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of legal obligations.

“**Suspect**” means the person or persons against or in relation to whom an inquiry is initiated in case of leak or suspected leak of UPSI.

“**Unpublished price sensitive information or UPSI**” means any information, relating to a company or its securities, directly or indirectly, that is not generally available which upon becoming generally available, is likely to materially affect the price of the securities and shall, ordinarily including but not restricted to, information relating to the following: –

- (i) financial results;
- (ii) dividends;
- (iii) change in capital structure;
- (iv) mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delistings, disposals and expansion of business and such other transactions;
- (v) changes in key managerial personnel;

(vi) such other information as determined by the Board of Directors/Chief Executive Officer/Chief Operating Officer/Chief Financial Officer from time to time. (Regulation 2(1)(n))

“**Whistle Blower**” means an employee of a Company making a disclosure under the Whistle Blower Policy.

“**Working days**” means working days of the Company.

## 5. PROCEDURE FOR INQUIRY IN CASE OF LEAK OR SUSPECTED LEAK OF UPSI

### a) Source of information relating to leak of UPSI

The Chairman of Audit Committee may on becoming aware suo moto or on receipt of a written intimation of leak or suspected leak of UPSI from:

- the Suspect
- any other person, including employees of the Company
- regulators

follow the below mentioned procedure in order to inquire and/or investigate the matter.

### b) Preliminary Inquiry:

The object of preliminary inquiry is fact-finding, to ascertain the truth or otherwise of the allegations contained in the information or complaint, if any, and to collect necessary available material in support of the allegations, and thereafter to decide whether there is justification to initiate further investigation/inquiry.

The Chairman of Audit Committee shall forthwith forward such intimation to CEO and/or CFO to conduct a preliminary inquiry. The said inquiry shall be completed within 2 working days from the date of receipt of such intimation and report thereof shall be circulated to the Chairman of Audit Committee/CEO/CFO and Compliance Officer.

### c) Intimation of Leak or suspected Leak of UPSI

If in the opinion of Chairman of Audit Committee/CEO/CFO and Compliance Officer, the preliminary inquiry report warrants further investigation, the same shall be submitted to:

- The Board of Directors
- Inquiry Committee for detailed investigation

The Compliance Officer shall simultaneously intimate SEBI about such Leak or suspected Leak of UPSI.

### d) Inquiry Committee

Inquiry Committee shall consist of the following persons or any person nominated by such officers from their department-

- Chief Financial Officer
- Head of Legal
- Head of Information Security
- Head of Human Resources
- Any other person nominated by Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director

If any member of Inquiry Committee has a conflict of interest in any given case, then he/she should recuse himself/herself and other members of Inquiry Committee should deal with the matter on hand.

### e) Investigation by Inquiry Committee

Upon receipt of the report of the preliminary inquiry and all other supporting documents, the Inquiry Committee is required to initiate the investigation. The said investigation shall be completed within 15 working days from the date of receipt of report of the preliminary inquiry. The Inquiry Committee's investigation report shall be submitted to the Audit Committee and summary report shall be submitted to Board immediately, and such report shall also be submitted to SEBI simultaneously.

## 6. POWER OF THE INQUIRY COMMITTEE

For purpose of conducting inquiry, the Inquiry Committee may:

### a) call upon

- Such employees/individuals to seek clarification or information pertaining to the leak.
- Persons / members of committees involved in generation of the original data for purpose of determination of key figures pertaining to financial figures.
- persons involved in the consolidation of the figures for the financial results.
- persons involved in the preparation of board notes and presentations.
- persons involved in dissemination of information relating to financial results in the public domain.
- any other persons who had access to the information.
- any market intermediaries, fiduciaries and other person/ entities who have access to UPSI for inquiry conducted for leak of such UPSI.

### b) at its discretion, invite external investigators/experts.

c) take necessary actions including sending the Suspect on leave, restrict physical access to the office premise, freeze access to systems, electronic devices, emails, etc., during the pendency of the investigations for fair conduct of the proceedings.

d) keep the identity of the Suspect confidential till the completion of inquiry unless it is essentially required for the purpose of investigation.

e) notify the Suspect of the allegations at the outset of internal investigation and provide him opportunity to represent his case and submit evidence.

f) do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as are necessary for the purpose of conduct of internal investigation.

## 7. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE SUSPECT

### a) The Suspect shall-

- co-operate with the Inquiry Committee during the investigation process.
- have a right to consult with a person or persons of their choice, other than members of Inquiry Committee.
- right to be informed of the outcome of the investigation

b) The Suspect(s) has the responsibility not to interfere with the investigation. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with and witnesses shall not be influenced, coached, threatened or intimidated by the Suspects.

c) Unless there are compelling reasons not to do so, Suspects will be given the opportunity to respond to material findings contained in investigation report. No allegation of wrongdoing against a Suspect shall be

considered as maintainable unless there is good evidence in support of the allegation.

## 8. CONSEQUENCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE

- a) On receipt of report of inquiry committee, the Compliance Officer shall forthwith forward such report to Audit Committee.
- b) The disciplinary action against Suspect may be taken within 15 working days from receipt of investigation report by the Audit Committee in consultation with the Board of Directors or any other person authorised by the Board.
- c) The disciplinary action may include wage freeze, suspension, recovery, clawback, ineligibility for future participation in the Company's stock option plans or termination, as may be decided by the Audit Committee or the Board of Directors or any other person authorised by the Board.
- d) SEBI or any other appropriate regulatory authority would also be informed of such violation who may take appropriate action against the Suspect.